

# Correlation functions in algebraic Bethe Ansatz framework and Drinfel'd second realization of quantum groups

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## Periodic quantum integrables models in RLL framework [Leningrad 80s] :

$$R_{ab}(u/v)L_a(u)L_b(v) = L_b(v)L_a(u)R_{ab}(u/v),$$

$$L(u) = \sum_{ij} L_{ij}(u) \otimes E_{ij}, \quad \Delta(L(u)) = \sum_{ij} L_{ik}(u) \otimes L_{kj}(u) \otimes E_{ij},$$

$$\text{Transfer matrix : } t(u) = \text{tr}_a(L(u)), \quad [t(u), t(v)] = 0$$

$\Rightarrow$  Generating function of quantum integrable Hamiltonians :  $\frac{d}{du} \ln(t(u)) \sim H$

- We consider, for Quantum group  $\mathcal{U}_q(\widehat{sl}(n))$  and related models, problems :

**A** - Spectrum and states of  $H : H|\phi\rangle = E|\phi\rangle$

**B** - Correlation functions of local operators  $\mathcal{O} : F_{\mathcal{O}} = \langle \phi | \mathcal{O} | \phi \rangle$

$\Rightarrow$  Different approaches : BA, SoV, Functional,...

- Here we focus on models that can be solve by the **algebraic Bethe ansatz** !

Reference vector :

$$|0\rangle, L_{ii}(u)|0\rangle = \lambda_i(u)|0\rangle, L_{ij}(u)|0\rangle = 0 \quad \text{for } i > j$$

Bethe Vectors :

$$|\phi^a(\bar{u})\rangle = V^a(L_{ij}(\bar{u}))|0\rangle, 1 < i \leq j < n,$$

$V^a$  a polynomial and  $\{\bar{u}\}$  set of Bethe roots (divided on  $n - 1$  subset)

- OK for  $sl_2$  and for  $sl_n$  with different formulations
  - **with** auxiliary space :  $sl_n$ , [Kulish-Reshetikhin 83 ; Tarasov-Varchenko 95]
  - **without** auxiliary space :  $sl_3$  [B-P-R-S 12-13],  $sl_n$  case?

Action of the transfer matrix on the Bethe Vectors :

$$t(w)|\phi^a(\bar{u})\rangle = \underbrace{\tau(w, \bar{u})|\phi^a(\bar{u})\rangle}_{WT} + \overbrace{\sum_i G(w, u_i) B_i^a(\bar{u})(|\phi^a(\bar{u}_i, w)\rangle + \dots)}^{UWT},$$

Imposing **Bethe equations** :  $B_i^a(\bar{u}) = 0 \Rightarrow |\phi^a(\bar{u})\rangle$  is On-shell

- OK for  $sl_n$  [Kulish-Reshetikhin 83] (coordinate BA [Sutherland 75])
  - $\Rightarrow$  **explicit unwanted terms** (UWT) for  $sl_3$  [B-P-R-S 12-13],  $sl_n$  case?

## Reconstruction of $\mathcal{O}$ from $\mathcal{U}_q(\widehat{sl}_n)$ : $\mathcal{O}(\bar{w}) = \mathcal{IP}(L_{ij}(\bar{w}))$

- OK for  $sl_2$  and for  $sl_n$  (fondamental representation) [Maillet-Terras 2000]  
 $\Rightarrow sl_n$  non-fondamental representations ?

## Action of the entries of monodromy matrix on Bethe vectors

$$L_{ij}(\bar{w})|\phi^a(\bar{u})\rangle = \sum_{\{\bar{u}, \bar{w}\} \rightarrow \{\bar{x}^{(1)}, \bar{x}^{(2)}\}} G_{ij}(\bar{u}, \bar{w}, \bar{x}^{(1)})|\phi^{a'}(\bar{x}^{(2)})\rangle$$

- OK for  $sl_2$  and for  $sl_3$  [Leningrad 80s], [B-P-R-S 12-13]  
 $\Rightarrow sl_n$  case ?

## Correlation functions of $\mathcal{O} \Rightarrow$ Scalar product of On-shell and Off-shell BV

$$\langle \phi^b(\bar{v}) | \mathcal{O}(\bar{w}) | \phi^a(\bar{u}) \rangle = \sum_{\{\bar{u}, \bar{w}\} \rightarrow \{\bar{x}^{(1)}, \bar{x}^{(2)}\}} W_{\mathcal{O}}(\bar{u}, \bar{w}, \bar{x}^{(1)}) \langle \phi^b(\bar{v}) | \phi^{a'}(\bar{x}^{(2)}) \rangle$$

- Determinant form OK for  $sl_2$  and for  $sl_3$  (XXX some cases)  
 [Korepin, Izergin, Slavnov 80s], [Reshetikhin 86 ; Wheeler 12-13], [B-P-R-S 12]  
 $\Rightarrow sl_3$  XXZ,  $sl_n$  case ?

Drinfel'd currents [Drinfel'd 88] :  $\{e_i(u), f_i(u), \psi_i^\pm(u), (\gamma = 1)\}$  ,  $i = 1, \dots, n-1$

$$\psi_i^\pm(u)\psi_j^\pm(v) = \psi_j^\pm(v)\psi_i^\pm(u), \quad \psi_i^\pm(u)f_j(v) = \frac{q^{a_{ij}u-v}}{u-vq^{a_{ij}}}f_j(v)\psi_i^\pm(u),$$

$$f_i f_j(v) = \frac{u-q^{a_{ij}v}}{q^{a_{ij}u-v}}f_j(v)f_i(u), \quad [e_i(u), f_j(v)] = \frac{\delta_{ij}\delta(u/v)}{(q-q^{-1})}(\psi_i^-(u) - \psi_i^+(v)),$$

with other relations and  $A = \{a_{ij}\}$  Cartan matrix of  $sl_n$

• Remark :  $\mathcal{U}_q(\widehat{sl_n})$  (RLL realization)  
 $\rightarrow \{L^\pm(u), (\gamma = 1)\}$  [Reshetikhin-Semenov 89].

embedding :  $L(u) \rightarrow L^+(u) \in \mathcal{U}_q(\widehat{b_+})$  the positive Borel subalgebra of  $\mathcal{U}_q(\widehat{sl_n})$

Half currents and "Gauss" decomposition [Ding-Frenkel 93]

$$L^\pm(u) = F^\pm(u)H^\pm(u)E^\pm(u), \quad H^\pm(u) = \sum k_i^\pm(u)E_{ii}$$

Upper and lower triangular matrices

$$\begin{cases} E^\pm(u) = 1 + \sum e_i^\pm(u)E_{ii+1} + \dots \\ F^\pm(u) = 1 + \sum f_i^\pm(u)E_{i+1i} + \dots \end{cases}$$

Full currents

$$\begin{cases} e_i(u) = e_i^+(u) - e_i^-(u) \\ f_i(u) = f_i^+(u) - f_i^-(u) \end{cases}, \quad \psi_i^\pm(u) = (k_{i+1}^\pm(u)k_i^\pm(q^{-2}u))^{-1}$$

**Projector** : intersection of Borel subalgebras  $\{f_i(u), k_i^+(u)\} \cap \{L^+(u)\}$

$$f_i^+(u) = P^+(f_i(u)) = \oint_{\infty} \frac{dx}{x} \frac{u/x}{1-u/x} f(x),$$

**Reference vector** :  $k_i^{\pm}(u)|0\rangle = \lambda_i^{\pm}(u)|0\rangle, \quad e_i(u)|0\rangle = 0$

**Bethe vectors and partition functions of 2D vertex models**

$$|\phi^a(\bar{u})\rangle \sim P^+(f(\bar{u}))|0\rangle \sim \oint_{\infty} \frac{d\bar{x}}{\bar{x}} \overbrace{\mathcal{Z}^{(2)}(\bar{x}|\bar{u})}^{\text{Izergin PF}} f(\bar{x})|0\rangle, \quad f(\bar{u}) = f(u_1) \dots f(u_a)$$

$$|\phi^{ab}(\bar{u}, \bar{v})\rangle \sim P^+(f_1(\bar{u})f_2(\bar{v}))|0\rangle \sim \oint_{\infty} \frac{d\bar{x}}{\bar{x}} \frac{d\bar{y}}{\bar{y}} \overbrace{\mathcal{Z}^{(3)}(\bar{x}, \bar{y}|\bar{u}, \bar{v})}^{\text{Reshetikhin PF}} f_2(\bar{y})f_1(\bar{x})$$

- Applications for problem **A-B** :
  - **Bethe vectors** : integral formulation, explicit formulation (isomorphism RLL)
  - **Action of  $L_{ij}(u)$  on Bethe vectors, Scalar product** (integral formulation)
    - ⇒ Similar formulation for Bethe Vectors of open models ?
    - ⇒ Coideal subalgebras of Drinfel'd Currents ?

## Open quantum integrable models in reflection algebra framework [Sklyanin 88]

$$R_{12}(u/v)K_1(u)R_{21}(uv)K_2(v) = K_2(v)R_{12}(uv)K_1(u)R_{21}(u/v)$$

$$K(u) = (L(\alpha u))^{-1} K_s(u) L(\alpha u^{-1})$$

$$\delta(K(u)) = \sum_{ij} L'_{ik}(\alpha u) L_{lj}(\alpha u^{-1}) \otimes K_{kl}(u) \otimes E_{ij}$$

**Transfer matrix** :  $d(u) = \text{tr}(\bar{K}_s(u)K(u))$ ,  $[d(u), d(v)] = 0$

$\Rightarrow$  Generating function of open quantum integrable Hamiltonians :  $\frac{d}{du} \ln(d(u)) \sim H$

- ABA (no-gauge transformation) :
  - diagonal boundaries  $\mathfrak{sl}_2$  case [Sklyanin 88] (triangular XXX [B-C-R 12], XXZ [Pimenta-Lima Santos 13])
  - diagonal boundaries  $\mathfrak{sl}_n$  case [de Vega-Gonzalez Ruiz 93], trace formula [B-R 09]
- Correlation functions from ABA :
  - diagonal boundaries  $\mathfrak{sl}_2$  case [Lyon group 09]

**RLL / RKRK**  
 $\{L^\pm(u)\} / \{K^{\epsilon_1, \epsilon_2}(u)\}$   
 ABA/SoV/Functional

**Drinfel'd realization / ??**  
 $\{e_i(u), f_i(u), \psi_i^\pm(u)\} \ i = 1, \dots, n$   
 bosonization/vertex operators  
 Bethe vectors by projection

q-Onsager Currents  
 $\{\mathcal{W}_\pm(u), \mathcal{Z}_\pm(u)\}$   
 Onsager approach

$\neq$  realization of  $\mathcal{U}_q(\widehat{sl_2})$ /Coideals

Drinfeld-Jimbo / type q-Onsager  
 $\{e_i, f_i, h_i\} / \{A_i\} \ i = 0, \dots, n$   
 non-local conserved quantities

- Realizations of  $\mathcal{U}_q(\widehat{sl_2})$ , isomorphisms OK [Jimbo, Drinfel'd, Ding-Frenkel... 80-90s]
- Realizations of Coideals of  $\mathcal{U}_q(\widehat{sl_2})$ 
  - ▶ **RKRK OK** :  $\{L^{-1}(u^{-1}), L^t(u^{-1}), K_s(u)\}$   
 [Cherednick, Sklyanin 80s; Molev-Ragoucy, Guay, ... 00-10s ]
  - ▶ **Type  $\mathcal{O}_q$  OK** : (augmented) q-Onsager [B-B 09-12][B-C 12],  $\mathcal{U}_q(\widehat{sl_2})$ -invariant q-Onsager [MacKay-Delius, Baseilhac, Terwilliger, Regelskis, Kolb, ... 00-10s]
  - ▶  $\mathcal{O}_q$  currents OK : [Baseilhac-Shigechi 09] [B-B 12], others coideals  $\widehat{g}$ ?



### How to construct coideal subalgebras? automorphism + (Drinfel'd) coproduct

$$\begin{aligned} \theta(e(qu)) &= u^{-1}e(qu^{-1}), & \Delta_D(e(u)) &= e(u) \otimes 1 + \psi^-(u) \otimes e(u) \\ \theta(f(qu)) &= uf(qu^{-1}), & \Delta_D(f(u)) &= f(u) \otimes \psi^+(u) + 1 \otimes f(u), \\ \theta(\psi^+(qu)) &= (\psi^-(qu^{-1}))^{-1}, & \Delta_D(\psi^\pm(u)) &= \psi^\pm(u) \otimes \psi^\pm(u) \end{aligned}$$

- **Classical limit** : Augmented Onsager algebra  $\{K(u), B(u), \bar{B}(u)\}$  [B-C 12]

- **Coideal property** :

$$\delta_D \sim \Delta_D \circ \phi_q : \mathcal{AO}_q^{DR}(\widehat{sl_2}) \rightarrow \mathcal{U}_q^{DR}(\widehat{sl_2}) \otimes \mathcal{AO}_q^{DR}(\widehat{sl_2})$$

### $\mathcal{AO}_q^{DR}(\widehat{sl_2})$ currents

$$\text{Expected currents} \quad \begin{cases} \phi_q(\mathcal{K}(u)) = (\psi^+(qu))^{-1}\psi^-(qu^{-1}), \\ \phi_q(\mathcal{B}(u)) = e(qu^{-1}) + e(qu)(\psi^-(qu))^{-1}\psi^-(qu^{-1}), \\ \phi_q(\bar{\mathcal{B}}(u)) = (f(qu) + f(qu^{-1}))(\psi^+(qu))^{-1}, \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Additional currents} \quad \begin{cases} \phi_q(\mathcal{C}^\pm(u)) = (\psi^\pm(qu))^{-1}\psi^\pm(qu^{-1}), \\ \phi_q(\bar{\mathcal{C}}(u)) = (\psi^-(qu))^{-1}\psi^+(qu). \end{cases}$$

$\mathcal{AO}_q^{DR}(\widehat{sl_2})$  is generated by  $\{\mathcal{B}(u), \bar{\mathcal{B}}(u), \mathcal{K}(u), \mathcal{C}^\pm(u), \bar{\mathcal{C}}(u), (\gamma = 1)\}$

$$\mathcal{K}(u)\mathcal{K}(v) = \mathcal{K}(v)\mathcal{K}(u),$$

$$\mathcal{K}(u)\mathcal{B}(v) = \frac{(q^{-2}uv - 1)(q^{-2}u - v)}{(uv - q^{-2})(u - q^{-2}v)}\mathcal{B}(v)\mathcal{K}(u),$$

$$\mathcal{K}(u)\bar{\mathcal{B}}(v) = \frac{(q^2uv - 1)(q^2u - v)}{(uv - q^2)(u - q^2v)}\bar{\mathcal{B}}(v)\mathcal{K}(u),$$

$$\mathcal{B}(u)\mathcal{B}(v) = \frac{(q^{-2}u - v)}{(u - q^{-2}v)}\mathcal{B}(v)\mathcal{B}(u), \quad \bar{\mathcal{B}}(u)\bar{\mathcal{B}}(v) = \frac{(q^2u - v)}{(u - q^2v)}\bar{\mathcal{B}}(v)\bar{\mathcal{B}}(u),$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{B}(u)\bar{\mathcal{B}}(v) &= \frac{q^2uv - 1}{uv - q^2}\bar{\mathcal{B}}(v)\mathcal{B}(u) \\ &+ \frac{\delta(uv)}{q - q^{-1}}\left(1 - \bar{\mathcal{C}}(v) - \frac{(q^2uv - 1)(q^2u - v)}{(uv - q^2)(u - q^2v)}(\mathcal{K}^{-1}(v)\mathcal{K}(u) - \bar{\mathcal{C}}(v))\right) \\ &+ \frac{\delta(u/v)}{q - q^{-1}}\left(\mathcal{C}^+(u) - \mathcal{K}(u) + \frac{(q^2uv - 1)(q^2u - v)}{(uv - q^2)(u - q^2v)}(\mathcal{C}^-(v) - \mathcal{K}(v))\right) \end{aligned}$$

and other relations ...

Use the Gauss decomposition and Sklyanin dressing procedure

$$K^{-+}(qu) = (L^-(q^3u))^{-1} K_{sd}(qu) L^+(qu^{-1}), \quad K_{sd}(u) = \begin{pmatrix} a(u) & 0 \\ 0 & a(u^{-1}) \end{pmatrix}$$

As example, ordering the gauss coordinates,  $K_{12}^{-+}(u)$  can be write as

$$K_{12}^{-+}(qu) \sim \bar{B}^{-+}(u) \bar{C}^{-+}(u) \mathcal{W}^+(u)$$

with  $\bar{B}^{-+}(u) = \left( a(qu) f^-(qu) - a(qu^{-1}) f^+(qu^{-1}) \right) (\psi^+(qu))^{-1}$

and  $\mathcal{W}^+(u) = k^+(qu^{-1}) (k^+(q^{-1}u))^{-1}$ ,  $\bar{C}^{-+}(u) = k^-(qu) (k^+(qu))^{-1}$

Cartan currents are in  $\mathcal{AO}^{DR}(\widehat{sl_2}) : \{\mathcal{C}^\pm(u), \bar{C}(u)\} \rightarrow \{\mathcal{W}^\pm(u), \bar{C}^{-+}(u)\}$

- For  $\mathcal{U}_q(\widehat{sl_2}) : \psi^\pm(u) = (k^\pm(u) k^\pm(q^{-2}u))^{-1}$

- For  $\mathcal{AO}_q^{DR}(\widehat{sl_2}) : \mathcal{C}^\pm(u) = (\mathcal{W}^\pm(u) \mathcal{W}^\pm(q^2u))^{-1}$ ,  $\bar{C}(u) = \bar{C}^{-+}(u) \bar{C}^{-+}(q^{-2}u)$

$\Rightarrow$  **Relations close** for  $\{\mathcal{K}^{-+}(u), \mathcal{W}^\pm(u), \bar{C}^{-+}(u)\}$

$$\mathcal{W}^+(u) \bar{B}(v) = \frac{(q^2 - uv)(q^2 - u/v)}{(1 - uv)(1 - u/v)} \bar{B}(v) \mathcal{W}^+(u), \quad \bar{C}^{-+}(u) \bar{B}(v) = \bar{B}(v) \bar{C}^{-+}(u),$$

- **Actual projects :**

- ▶ Drinfel'd realization of Coideals of  $\mathcal{U}_q(\widehat{sl_2})$  [B, in preparation]
- ▶ Bethe vectors of open models in Drinfel'd realization ( $sl(2)$  case)

- **Open questions :**

- ▶ Drinfel'd realization of coideals of  $\mathcal{U}_q(\widehat{sl(3)})$  and related Bethe vectors.

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*Scalar products, action of  $L_{ij}(u)$  in Drinfel'd realization* [1012.1455, 1304.7602]  
with S. Pakuliak, E. Ragoucy, N. A. Slavnov

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*ABA and Open spin Chain* [0902.0321, 1209.4269]  
with N. Crampé, É. Ragoucy

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*q-Onsager, reflection algebra, XXZ* [0906.1215, 1104.1591, 1211.6304]  
with P. Baseilhac

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*deformation of symmetric spaces* [1202.2312] **Thanks you for attention !**  
with N. Crampé